

The page is framed by various green plant illustrations. In the top left is a large, detailed fern frond. In the top right are smaller, more delicate fern fronds. In the bottom left and bottom right are clusters of different types of ferns, including some with more rounded leaflets. The central text is surrounded by these natural elements.

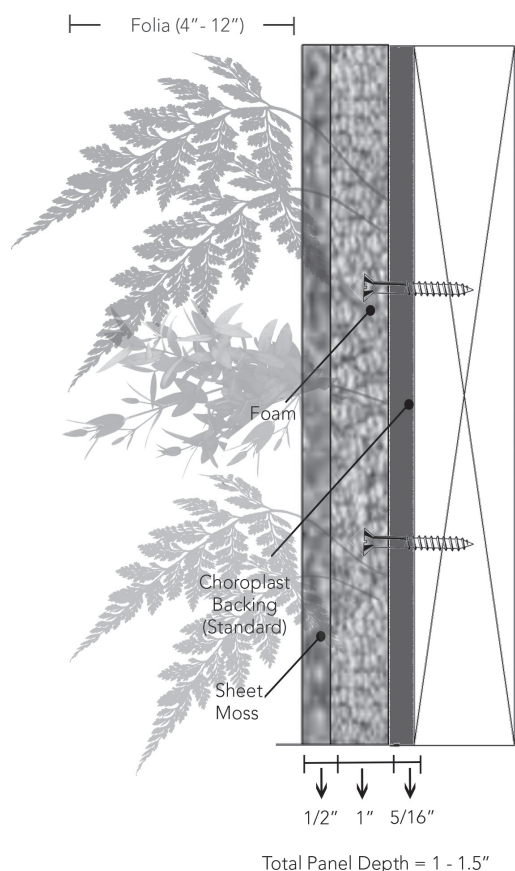
# [BYNATURE]

*Enjoy. Breathe. Feel good.*

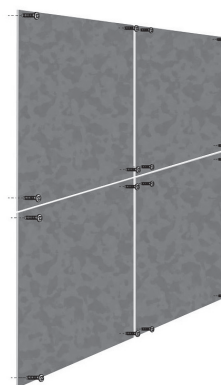
## INSTALLATION GUIDE Folia Wall

## Folia Panels

Our folia panels are made using 100% natural preserved moss and plants. Preserved folia products are no longer living and do not require any maintenance, trimming, nor watering.



- >> Air humidity should be above 30% (may dry under 30%)
- >> No maintenance, no water, and no light required
- >> Never spray or water the moss and avoid direct sunlight
- >> Natural texture is preserved and long lasting (please ask for life expectancy of individual plants; 5-10 years)



### PANEL INSTALLATION

- >> Pre-made panels
- >> Screw or staple panels in place
- >> Custom sizes and shapes
- >> Plant moss along edges for seamless look

### BACKING OPTIONS



Coroplast  
(Aquilux)



Wood



Eco Felt

### STANDARD PANEL SIZES



60" x 36"



36" x 36"



12" x 36"



12" x 12"

## Installation steps

1. Compare your elevation plan with the size of the wall you are installing to ensure measurements are correct.



2. Start installing one section of your wall. Begin by using drywall screws (or the appropriate fastener) and a drill to adhere your first panel to the wall. The screw head should travel through the foam and stop at the Coroplast. Screws fastened into a standard 3 x 3 panel in the marked locations to the right should be adequate to hold each panel.



3. Following your elevation plan, continue installing panels onto the wall.

4. When placing a panel beside or on top of one that is already installed, remember to pull back any extra moss that might be in the way so that the panels fit snugly together.



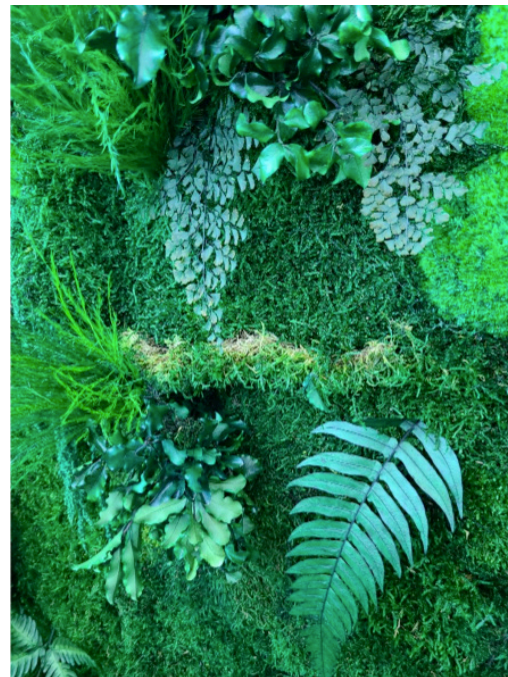
5. If the provided measurements were incorrect, you might have too much material to fit the wall. If that's the case, you will need to measure and cut away any extra material for your panels to fit properly. This can be done by measuring and marking a line with a straight edge and then carefully using a box cutter / sharp blade to cut along the back side of the panel and through the foam.



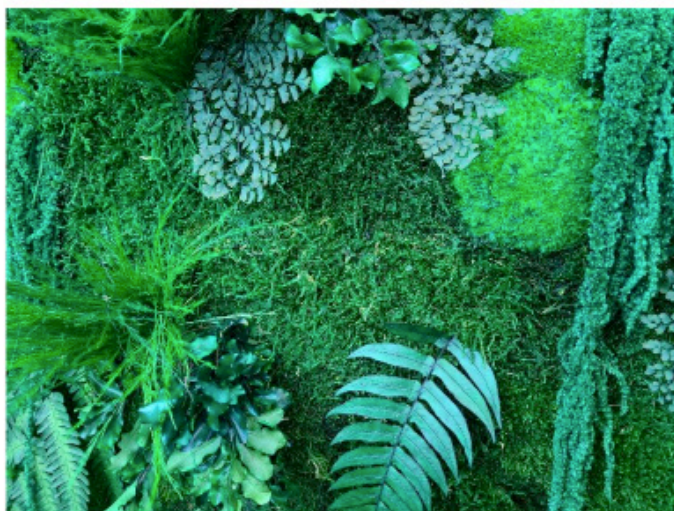
6. Once you have finished installing all the panels onto the wall, you will notice there are seams showing between each panel.



7. If the base of the wall is sheet moss, the seam will look something like this:



8. To hide the seams, you will need to pull back both layers of sheet moss along the edge, apply hot glue to the undersides, and push them back against the panels.



9. If there isn't enough extra sheet moss hanging from the edges to hide the seams - or if the two sides have slightly different colored sheet moss - you may need to use some extra pieces to make sure everything is seamless.

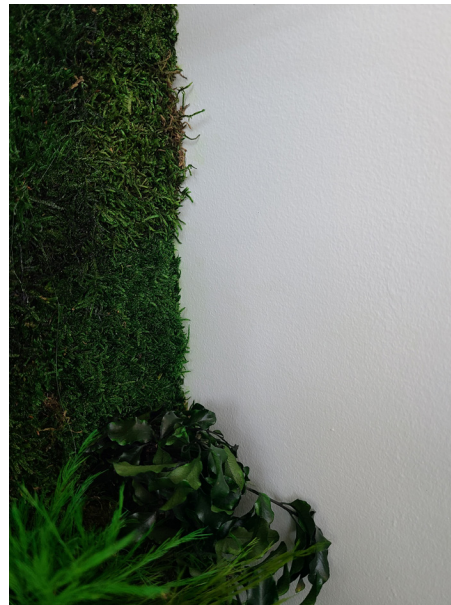
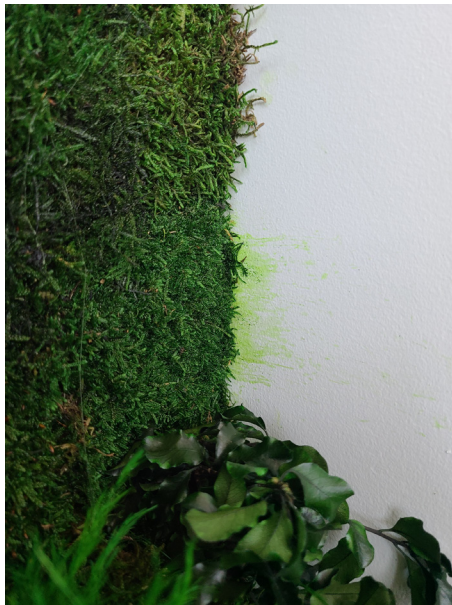
10. You can rip away a small section of sheet moss from either side of the seam and replace it with a piece that fits in order to achieve the same result.





**11.** As you fix the seams, it's a good idea to press on the panels and check for any loose spots. You can add more screws to any areas where the panels aren't tightly secured to the wall.

**12.** Any dye that rubs off onto walls/other surfaces can easily be wiped away with a damp cloth.





# 13.

Continue hiding all the seams, and your installation will be complete!

